96	PD-DOC Study Name or Ac NEUROPSYCHIA	-		ONNAIRE (NPI-Q) 4 0
SUBJ				VISIT NO
DATA SOUF			VISIT DATE	DD YYYY
Ind	ease ask the following questions base dicate "yes" only if the symptom has b	-	-	 therwise, indicate "no". Rate the DISTRESS you (the caregiver) experience because of the symptom (how it affects you): 0 = Not distressing at all 1 = Minimal (slightly distressing, not a problem to cope with) 2 = Mild (not very distressing, generally easy to cope with) 3 = Moderate (fairly distressing, not always easy to cope with) 4 = Severe (very distressing, difficult to cope with) 5 = Extreme or very severe (extremely distressing, unable to cope with)
1.	Does the patient believe that others are stealing from him or her, or planning to harm him or her in some way?	1.1	1.2	1.3
HA	ALLUCINATIONS			
2.	Does the patient act as if he or she hears voices? Does he or she talk to people who are not there?	2.1	2.2	2.3
AC	GITATION OR AGGRESSION			
3.	Is the patient stubborn and resistive to help from others?	3.1	3.2	3.3
DE	EPRESSION OR DYSPHORIA			
4.	Does the patient act as if he or she is sad or in low spirits? Does he or she cry?	4.1	4.2	4.3
AN	IXIETY			
5.	Does the patient become upset when separated from you? Does he or she have any other signs of nervousness, such as shortness of breath, sighing, being unable to relax, or feeling excessively tense?	5.1	5.2	5.3
EL	ATION OR EUPHORIA			
6.	Does the patient appear to feel too good or act excessively happy?	6.1	6.2	6.3
APATHY OR INDIFFERENCE				
7.	Does the patient seem less interested in his or her usual activities and in the activities and plans of others?	7.1	7.2	7.3

Copyright J L Cummings, 1994. Contact the author for permission to use this instrument for commercial purposes. Permission to use the NPI-Q as part of the PD DOC Core Data Set was obtained from Dr. Cummings. Kaufer DI, Cummings JL, Ketchel P, Smith V, MacMillian. A, Shelley T, et al. Validation of the NPI-Q, a brief clinical form of the Neuropsychiatry Inventory. *J Neuropsychiatry and Clin Neuroscience* 2000;12:233-239.

(10/17/07)

1/25/08



Study Name or Acronym:_ **NEUROPSYCHIATRIC INVENTORY QUESTIONNAIRE (NPI-Q)**

4	0

6 9 SUBJECT ID VISIT NO Rate the DISTRESS you (the caregiver) experience because of the symptom (how it affects you): 0 = Not distressing at all Rate the SEVERITY 1 = Minimal (slightly distressing, not a of the symptom problem to cope with) (how it affects the patient): 2 = Mild (not very distressing, generally 1 = Mild (noticeable, but not a easy to cope with) Present significant change) 3 = Moderate (fairly distressing, not in the 2 = Moderate (significant, but always easy to cope with) PAST not a dramatic change) 4 = Severe (very distressing, difficult to MONTH: 3 = Severe (very marked or cope with) 0 = Noprominent; a dramatic 5 = Extreme or very severe (extremely 1 = Yeschange) distressing, unable to cope with) DISINHIBITION 8. Does the patient seem to act impulsively? 8.2 8.3 8.1 For example, does the patient talk to strangers as if he or she knows them, or does the patient say things that may hurt people's feelings? **IRRITABILITY OR LABILITY** Is the patient impatient and cranky? Does he 9. 9.2 9.3 9.1 or she have difficulty coping with delays or waiting for planned activities? MOTOR DISTURBANCE 10. Does the patient engage in repetitive activities, 10.1 10.2 10.3 such as pacing around the house, handling buttons, wrapping string, or doing other things repeatedly? **NIGHTTIME BEHAVIORS** 11. Does the patient awaken you during the night, 11.1 11.2 11.3 rise too early in the morning, or take excessive naps during the day? **APPETITE AND EATING** 12. Has the patient lost or gained weight, or had a 12.1 12.2 12.3 change in the food he or she likes?

(10/17/07)1/25/08